

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

## ANNEX I

Extract from Uniform Rules concerning the contract for international carriage of passengers and luggage by rail (CIV)

### Appendix A

**to the Convention Concerning International Carriage by Rail (COTIF) of 9 May 1980, as modified by the Protocol for the modification of the Convention Concerning International Carriage by Rail of 3 June 1999**

## TITLE II

### CONCLUSION AND PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTRACT OF CARRIAGE

#### *Article 6*

##### **Contract of carriage**

- 1 By the contract of carriage the carrier shall undertake to carry the passenger as well as, where appropriate, luggage and vehicles to the place of destination and to deliver the luggage and vehicles at the place of destination.
- 2 The contract of carriage must be confirmed by one or more tickets issued to the passenger. However, subject to Article 9 the absence, irregularity or loss of the ticket shall not affect the existence or validity of the contract which shall remain subject to these Uniform Rules.
- 3 The ticket shall be prima facie evidence of the conclusion and the contents of the contract of carriage.

#### *Article 7*

##### **Ticket**

- 1 The General Conditions of Carriage shall determine the form and content of tickets as well as the language and characters in which they are to be printed and made out.
- 2 The following, at least, must be entered on the ticket:
- 3 The passenger must ensure, on receipt of the ticket, that it has been made out in accordance with his instructions.
- 4 The ticket shall be transferable if it has not been made out in the passenger's name and if the journey has not begun.
- 5 The ticket may be established in the form of electronic data registration, which can be transformed into legible written symbols. The procedure used for the registration and treatment of data must be equivalent from the functional point of view, particularly so far as concerns the evidential value of the ticket represented by those data.

---

*Changes to legislation:* There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

---

### Article 8

#### **Payment and refund of the carriage charge**

1 Subject to a contrary agreement between the passenger and the carrier, the carriage charge shall be payable in advance.

2 The General Conditions of Carriage shall determine under what conditions a refund of the carriage charge shall be made.

### Article 9

#### **Right to be carried. Exclusion from carriage**

1 The passenger must, from the start of his journey, be in possession of a valid ticket and produce it on the inspection of tickets. The General Conditions of Carriage may provide:

2 The General Conditions of Carriage may provide that passengers who:

### Article 10

#### **Completion of administrative formalities**

The passenger must comply with the formalities required by customs or other administrative authorities.

### Article 11

#### **Cancellation and late running of trains. Missed connections**

The carrier must, where necessary, certify on the ticket that the train has been cancelled or the connection missed.

## TITLE III

### **CARRIAGE OF HAND LUGGAGE, ANIMALS, REGISTERED LUGGAGE AND VEHICLES**

#### Chapter I

##### **Common provisions**

### Article 12

#### **Acceptable articles and animals**

1 The passenger may take with him articles which can be handled easily (hand luggage) and also live animals in accordance with the General Conditions of Carriage. Moreover, the

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

---

passenger may take with him cumbersome articles in accordance with the special provisions, contained in the General Conditions of Carriage. Articles and animals likely to annoy or inconvenience passengers or cause damage shall not be allowed as hand luggage.

2 The passenger may consign articles and animals as registered luggage in accordance with the General Conditions of Carriage.

3 The carrier may allow the carriage of vehicles on the occasion of the carriage of passengers in accordance with special provisions, contained in the General Conditions of Carriage.

4 The carriage of dangerous goods as hand luggage, registered luggage as well as in or on vehicles which, in accordance with this Title are carried by rail, must comply with the Regulation concerning the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID).

### *Article 13*

#### **Examination**

1 When there is good reason to suspect a failure to observe the conditions of carriage, the carrier shall have the right to examine whether the articles (hand luggage, registered luggage, vehicles including their loading) and animals carried comply with the conditions of carriage, unless the laws and prescriptions of the State in which the examination would take place prohibit such examination. The passenger must be invited to attend the examination. If he does not appear or cannot be reached, the carrier must require the presence of two independent witnesses.

2 If it is established that the conditions of carriage have not been respected, the carrier can require the passenger to pay the costs arising from the examination.

### *Article 14*

#### **Completion of administrative formalities**

The passenger must comply with the formalities required by customs or other administrative authorities when, on being carried, he has articles (hand luggage, registered luggage, vehicles including their loading) or animals carried. He shall be present at the inspection of these articles save where otherwise provided by the laws and prescriptions of each State.

### Chapter II

#### **Hand luggage and animals**

### *Article 15*

#### **Supervision**

It shall be the passenger's responsibility to supervise the hand luggage and animals that he takes with him.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

## Chapter III

### Registered luggage

#### Article 16

#### Consignment of registered luggage

- 1 The contractual obligations relating to the forwarding of registered luggage must be established by a luggage registration voucher issued to the passenger.
- 2 Subject to Article 22 the absence, irregularity or loss of the luggage registration voucher shall not affect the existence or the validity of the agreements concerning the forwarding of the registered luggage, which shall remain subject to these Uniform Rules.
- 3 The luggage registration voucher shall be prima facie evidence of the registration of the luggage and the conditions of its carriage.
- 4 Subject to evidence to the contrary, it shall be presumed that when the carrier took over the registered luggage it was apparently in a good condition, and that the number and the mass of the items of luggage corresponded to the entries on the luggage registration voucher.

#### Article 17

#### Luggage registration voucher

- 1 The General Conditions of Carriage shall determine the form and content of the luggage registration voucher as well as the language and characters in which it is to be printed and made out. Article 7(5) shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.
- 2 The following, at least, must be entered on the luggage registration voucher:
- 3 The passenger must ensure, on receipt of the luggage registration voucher, that it has been made out in accordance with his instructions.

#### Article 18

#### Registration and carriage

- 1 Save where the General Conditions of Carriage otherwise provide, luggage shall be registered only on production of a ticket valid at least as far as the destination of the luggage. In other respects the registration of luggage shall be carried out in accordance with the prescriptions in force at the place of consignment.
- 2 When the General Conditions of Carriage provide that luggage may be accepted for carriage without production of a ticket, the provisions of these Uniform Rules determining the rights and obligations of the passenger in respect of his registered luggage shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the consignor of registered luggage.
- 3 The carrier can forward the registered luggage by another train or by another mode of transport and by a different route from that taken by the passenger.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

### *Article 19*

#### **Payment of charges for the carriage of registered luggage**

Subject to a contrary agreement between the passenger and the carrier, the charge for the carriage of registered luggage shall be payable on registration.

### *Article 20*

#### **Marking of registered luggage**

The passenger must indicate on each item of registered luggage in a clearly visible place, in a sufficiently durable and legible manner:

- (a) his name and address;
- (b) the place of destination.

### *Article 21*

#### **Right to dispose of registered luggage**

1 If circumstances permit and if customs requirements or the requirements of other administrative authorities are not thereby contravened, the passenger can request luggage to be handed back at the place of consignment on surrender of the luggage registration voucher and, if the General Conditions of Carriage so require, on production of the ticket.

2 The General Conditions of Carriage may contain other provisions concerning the right to dispose of registered luggage, in particular modifications of the place of destination and the possible financial consequences to be borne by the passenger.

### *Article 22*

#### **Delivery**

1 Registered luggage shall be delivered on surrender of the luggage registration voucher and, where appropriate, on payment of the amounts chargeable against the consignment.

2 It shall be equivalent to delivery to the holder of the luggage registration voucher if, in accordance with the prescriptions in force at the place of destination:

3 The holder of the luggage registration voucher may require delivery of the luggage at the place of destination as soon as the agreed time and, where appropriate, the time necessary for the operations carried out by customs or other administrative authorities, has elapsed.

4 Failing surrender of the luggage registration voucher, the carrier shall only be obliged to deliver the luggage to the person proving his right thereto; if the proof offered appears insufficient, the carrier may require security to be given.

5 Luggage shall be delivered at the place of destination for which it has been registered.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

6 The holder of a luggage registration voucher whose luggage has not been delivered may require the day and time to be endorsed on the voucher when he requested delivery in accordance with paragraph 3.

7 The person entitled may refuse to accept the luggage if the carrier does not comply with his request to carry out an examination of the registered luggage in order to establish alleged damage.

8 In all other respects delivery of luggage shall be carried out in accordance with the prescriptions in force at the place of destination.

## Chapter IV

### Vehicles

#### Article 23

#### Conditions of carriage

The special provisions governing the carriage of vehicles, contained in the General Conditions of Carriage, shall specify in particular the conditions governing acceptance for carriage, registration, loading and carriage, unloading and delivery as well as the obligations of the passenger.

#### Article 24

#### Carriage voucher

1 The contractual obligations relating to the carriage of vehicles must be established by a carriage voucher issued to the passenger. The carriage voucher may be integrated into the passenger's ticket.

2 The special provisions governing the carriage of vehicles, contained in the General Conditions of Carriage, shall determine the form and content of the carriage voucher as well as the language and the characters in which it is to be printed and made out. Article 7(5) shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

3 The following, at least, must be entered on the carriage voucher:

4 The passenger must ensure, on receipt of the carriage voucher, that it has been made out in accordance with his instructions.

#### Article 25

#### Applicable law

Subject to the provisions of this Chapter, the provisions of Chapter III relating to the carriage of luggage shall apply to vehicles.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

## TITLE IV

### LIABILITY OF THE CARRIER

#### Chapter I

#### Liability in case of death of, or personal injury to, passengers

##### Article 26

##### **Basis of liability**

1 The carrier shall be liable for the loss or damage resulting from the death of, personal injuries to, or any other physical or mental harm to, a passenger, caused by an accident arising out of the operation of the railway and happening while the passenger is in, entering or alighting from railway vehicles whatever the railway infrastructure used.

2 The carrier shall be relieved of this liability

3 If the accident is due to the behaviour of a third party and if, in spite of that, the carrier is not entirely relieved of his liability in accordance with paragraph 2, letter c), he shall be liable in full up to the limits laid down in these Uniform Rules but without prejudice to any right of recourse which the carrier may have against the third party.

4 These Uniform Rules shall not affect any liability which may be incurred by the carrier in cases not provided for in paragraph 1.

5 If carriage governed by a single contract of carriage is performed by successive carriers, the carrier bound pursuant to the contract of carriage to provide the service of carriage in the course of which the accident happened shall be liable in case of death of, and personal injuries to, passengers. When this service has not been provided by the carrier, but by a substitute carrier, the two carriers shall be jointly and severally liable in accordance with these Uniform Rules.

##### Article 27

##### **Damages in case of death**

1 In case of death of the passenger the damages shall comprise:

2 If, through the death of the passenger, persons whom he had, or would have had, a legal duty to maintain are deprived of their support, such persons shall also be compensated for that loss. Rights of action for damages of persons whom the passenger was maintaining without being legally bound to do so, shall be governed by national law.

##### Article 28

##### **Damages in case of personal injury**

In case of personal injury or any other physical or mental harm to the passenger the damages shall comprise:

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

- (a) any necessary costs, in particular those of treatment and of transport;
- (b) compensation for financial loss, due to total or partial incapacity to work, or to increased needs.

#### *Article 29*

### **Compensation for other bodily harm**

National law shall determine whether and to what extent the carrier must pay damages for bodily harm other than that for which there is provision in Articles 27 and 28.

#### *Article 30*

### **Form and amount of damages in case of death and personal injury**

1 The damages under Article 27(2) and Article 28(b) must be awarded in the form of a lump sum. However, if national law permits payment of an annuity, the damages shall be awarded in that form if so requested by the injured passenger or by the persons entitled referred to in Article 27(2).

2 The amount of damages to be awarded pursuant to paragraph 1 shall be determined in accordance with national law. However, for the purposes of these Uniform Rules, the upper limit per passenger shall be set at 175 000 units of account as a lump sum or as an annual annuity corresponding to that sum, where national law provides for an upper limit of less than that amount.

#### *Article 31*

### **Other modes of transport**

1 Subject to paragraph 2, the provisions relating to the liability of the carrier in case of death of, or personal injury to, passengers shall not apply to loss or damage arising in the course of carriage which, in accordance with the contract of carriage, was not carriage by rail.

2 However, where railway vehicles are carried by ferry, the provisions relating to liability in case of death of, or personal injury to, passengers shall apply to loss or damage referred to in Article 26(1) and Article 33(1), caused by an accident arising out of the operation of the railway and happening while the passenger is in, entering or alighting from the said vehicles.

3 When, because of exceptional circumstances, the operation of the railway is temporarily suspended and the passengers are carried by another mode of transport, the carrier shall be liable pursuant to these Uniform Rules.



---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

## Chapter II

### Liability in case of failure to keep to the timetable

#### Article 32

##### Liability in case of cancellation, late running of trains or missed connections

1 The carrier shall be liable to the passenger for loss or damage resulting from the fact that, by reason of cancellation, the late running of a train or a missed connection, his journey cannot be continued the same day, or that a continuation of the journey the same day could not reasonably be required because of given circumstances. The damages shall comprise the reasonable costs of accommodation as well as the reasonable costs occasioned by having to notify persons expecting the passenger.

2 The carrier shall be relieved of this liability, when the cancellation, late running or missed connection is attributable to one of the following causes:

3 National law shall determine whether and to what extent the carrier must pay damages for harm other than that provided for in paragraph 1. This provision shall be without prejudice to Article 44.

## Chapter III

### Liability in respect of hand luggage, animals, registered luggage and vehicles

#### SECTION 1

##### Hand luggage and animals

#### Article 33

##### Liability

1 In case of death of, or personal injury to, passengers the carrier shall also be liable for the loss or damage resulting from the total or partial loss of, or damage to, articles which the passenger had on him or with him as hand luggage; this shall apply also to animals which the passenger had brought with him. Article 26 shall apply *mutatis mutandis*.

2 In other respects, the carrier shall not be liable for the total or partial loss of, or damage to, articles, hand luggage or animals the supervision of which is the responsibility of the passenger in accordance with Article 15, unless this loss or damage is caused by the fault of the carrier. The other Articles of Title IV, with exception of Article 51, and Title VI shall not apply in this case.

---

*Changes to legislation:* There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

---

#### Article 34

### **Limit of damages in case of loss of or damage to articles**

When the carrier is liable under Article 33(1), he must pay compensation up to a limit of 1 400 units of account per passenger.

#### Article 35

### **Exclusion of liability**

The carrier shall not be liable to the passenger for loss or damage arising from the fact that the passenger does not conform to the formalities required by customs or other administrative authorities.

## SECTION 2

### **Registered luggage**

#### Article 36

### **Basis of liability**

1 The carrier shall be liable for loss or damage resulting from the total or partial loss of, or damage to, registered luggage between the time of taking over by the carrier and the time of delivery as well as from delay in delivery.

2 The carrier shall be relieved of this liability to the extent that the loss, damage or delay in delivery was caused by a fault of the passenger, by an order given by the passenger other than as a result of the fault of the carrier, by an inherent defect in the registered luggage or by circumstances which the carrier could not avoid and the consequences of which he was unable to prevent.

3 The carrier shall be relieved of this liability to the extent that the loss or damage arises from the special risks inherent in one or more of the following circumstances:

#### Article 37

### **Burden of proof**

1 The burden of proving that the loss, damage or delay in delivery was due to one of the causes specified in Article 36(2) shall lie on the carrier.

2 When the carrier establishes that, having regard to the circumstances of a particular case, the loss or damage could have arisen from one or more of the special risks referred to in Article 36(3), it shall be presumed that it did so arise. The person entitled shall, however, have the right to prove that the loss or damage was not attributable either wholly or in part to one of those risks.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

### Article 38

#### Successive carriers

If carriage governed by a single contract is performed by several successive carriers, each carrier, by the very act of taking over the luggage with the luggage registration voucher or the vehicle with the carriage voucher, shall become a party to the contract of carriage in respect of the forwarding of luggage or the carriage of vehicles, in accordance with the terms of the luggage registration voucher or of the carriage voucher and shall assume the obligations arising therefrom. In such a case each carrier shall be responsible for the carriage over the entire route up to delivery.

### Article 39

#### Substitute carrier

1 Where the carrier has entrusted the performance of the carriage, in whole or in part, to a substitute carrier, whether or not in pursuance of a right under the contract of carriage to do so, the carrier shall nevertheless remain liable in respect of the entire carriage.

2 All the provisions of these Uniform Rules governing the liability of the carrier shall apply also to the liability of the substitute carrier for the carriage performed by him. Articles 48 and 52 shall apply if an action is brought against the servants or any other persons whose services the substitute carrier makes use of for the performance of the carriage.

3 Any special agreement under which the carrier assumes obligations not imposed by these Uniform Rules or waives rights conferred by these Uniform Rules shall be of no effect in respect of the substitute carrier who has not accepted it expressly and in writing. Whether or not the substitute carrier has accepted it, the carrier shall nevertheless remain bound by the obligations or waivers resulting from such special agreement.

4 Where and to the extent that both the carrier and the substitute carrier are liable, their liability shall be joint and several.

5 The aggregate amount of compensation payable by the carrier, the substitute carrier and their servants and other persons whose services they make use of for the performance of the carriage shall not exceed the limits provided for in these Uniform Rules.

6 This Article shall not prejudice rights of recourse which may exist between the carrier and the substitute carrier.

### Article 40

#### Presumption of loss

1 The person entitled may, without being required to furnish further proof, consider an item of luggage as lost when it has not been delivered or placed at his disposal within 14 days after a request for delivery has been made in accordance with Article 22(3).

2 If an item of luggage deemed to have been lost is recovered within one year after the request for delivery, the carrier must notify the person entitled if his address is known or can be ascertained.

---

*Changes to legislation:* There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

3 Within thirty days after receipt of a notification referred to in paragraph 2, the person entitled may require the item of luggage to be delivered to him. In that case he must pay the charges in respect of carriage of the item from the place of consignment to the place where delivery is effected and refund the compensation received less, where appropriate, any costs included therein. Nevertheless he shall retain his rights to claim compensation for delay in delivery provided for in Article 43.

4 If the item of luggage recovered has not been claimed within the period stated in paragraph 3 or if it is recovered more than one year after the request for delivery, the carrier shall dispose of it in accordance with the laws and prescriptions in force at the place where the item of luggage is situated.

#### *Article 41*

### **Compensation for loss**

1 In case of total or partial loss of registered luggage, the carrier must pay, to the exclusion of all other damages:

2 The carrier must in addition refund the charge for the carriage of luggage and the other sums paid in relation to the carriage of the lost item as well as the customs duties and excise duties already paid.

#### *Article 42*

### **Compensation for damage**

1 In case of damage to registered luggage, the carrier must pay compensation equivalent to the loss in value of the luggage, to the exclusion of all other damages.

2 The compensation shall not exceed:

#### *Article 43*

### **Compensation for delay in delivery**

1 In case of delay in delivery of registered luggage, the carrier must pay in respect of each whole period of 24 hours after delivery has been requested, but subject to a maximum of 14 days:

2 In case of total loss of luggage, the compensation provided for in paragraph 1 shall not be payable in addition to that provided for in Article 41.

3 In case of partial loss of luggage, the compensation provided for in paragraph 1 shall be payable in respect of that part of the luggage which has not been lost.

4 In case of damage to luggage not resulting from delay in delivery the compensation provided for in paragraph 1 shall, where appropriate, be payable in addition to that provided for in Article 42.

5 In no case shall the total of compensation provided for in paragraph 1 together with that payable under Articles 41 and 42 exceed the compensation which would be payable in case of total loss of the luggage.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

## SECTION 3

### Vehicles

#### Article 44

#### **Compensation for delay**

1 In case of delay in loading for a reason attributable to the carrier or delay in delivery of a vehicle, the carrier must, if the person entitled proves that loss or damage has been suffered thereby, pay compensation not exceeding the amount of the carriage charge.

2 If, in case of delay in loading for a reason attributable to the carrier, the person entitled elects not to proceed with the contract of carriage, the carriage charge shall be refunded to him. In addition the person entitled may, if he proves that loss or damage has been suffered as a result of the delay, claim compensation not exceeding the carriage charge.

#### Article 45

#### **Compensation for loss**

In case of total or partial loss of a vehicle the compensation payable to the person entitled for the loss or damage proved shall be calculated on the basis of the usual value of the vehicle. It shall not exceed 8 000 units of account. A loaded or unloaded trailer shall be considered as a separate vehicle.

#### Article 46

#### **Liability in respect of other articles**

1 In respect of articles left inside the vehicle or situated in boxes (e.g. luggage or ski boxes) fixed to the vehicle, the carrier shall be liable only for loss or damage caused by his fault. The total compensation payable shall not exceed 1 400 units of account.

2 So far as concerns articles stowed on the outside of the vehicle, including the boxes referred to in paragraph 1, the carrier shall be liable in respect of articles placed on the outside of the vehicle only if it is proved that the loss or damage results from an act or omission, which the carrier has committed either with intent to cause such a loss or damage or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss or damage would probably result.

#### Article 47

#### **Applicable law**

Subject to the provisions of this Section, the provisions of Section 2 relating to liability for luggage shall apply to vehicles.

---

*Changes to legislation:* There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

---

## Chapter IV

### Common provisions

#### Article 48

#### **Loss of right to invoke the limits of liability**

The limits of liability provided for in these Uniform Rules as well as the provisions of national law, which limit the compensation to a fixed amount, shall not apply if it is proved that the loss or damage results from an act or omission, which the carrier has committed either with intent to cause such loss or damage, or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss or damage would probably result.

#### Article 49

#### **Conversion and interest**

1 Where the calculation of compensation requires the conversion of sums expressed in foreign currency, conversion shall be at the exchange rate applicable on the day and at the place of payment of the compensation.

2 The person entitled may claim interest on compensation, calculated at five per cent per annum, from the day of the claim provided for in Article 55 or, if no such claim has been made, from the day on which legal proceedings were instituted.

3 However, in the case of compensation payable pursuant to Articles 27 and 28, interest shall accrue only from the day on which the events relevant to the assessment of the amount of compensation occurred, if that day is later than that of the claim or the day when legal proceedings were instituted.

4 In the case of luggage, interest shall only be payable if the compensation exceeds 16 units of account per luggage registration voucher.

5 In the case of luggage, if the person entitled does not submit to the carrier, within a reasonable time allotted to him, the supporting documents required for the amount of the claim to be finally settled, no interest shall accrue between the expiry of the time allotted and the actual submission of such documents.

#### Article 50

#### **Liability in case of nuclear incidents**

The carrier shall be relieved of liability pursuant to these Uniform Rules for loss or damage caused by a nuclear incident when the operator of a nuclear installation or another person who is substituted for him is liable for the loss or damage pursuant to the laws and prescriptions of a State governing liability in the field of nuclear energy.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

### Article 51

#### Persons for whom the carrier is liable

The carrier shall be liable for his servants and other persons whose services he makes use of for the performance of the carriage, when these servants and other persons are acting within the scope of their functions. The managers of the railway infrastructure on which the carriage is performed shall be considered as persons whose services the carrier makes use of for the performance of the carriage.

### Article 52

#### Other actions

1 In all cases where these Uniform Rules shall apply, any action in respect of liability, on whatever grounds, may be brought against the carrier only subject to the conditions and limitations laid down in these Uniform Rules.

2 The same shall apply to any action brought against the servants and other persons for whom the carrier is liable pursuant to Article 51.

## TITLE V

### LIABILITY OF THE PASSENGER

#### Article 53

##### Special principles of liability

The passenger shall be liable to the carrier for any loss or damage:

- (a) resulting from failure to fulfil his obligations pursuant to
  - 1. Articles 10, 14 and 20,
  - 2. the special provisions for the carriage of vehicles, contained in the General Conditions of Carriage, or
  - 3. the Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID), or
- (b) caused by articles and animals that he brings with him,

unless he proves that the loss or damage was caused by circumstances that he could not avoid and the consequences of which he was unable to prevent, despite the fact that he exercised the diligence required of a conscientious passenger. This provision shall not affect the liability of the carrier pursuant to Articles 26 and 33(1).

---

*Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes*

---

## TITLE VI

### ASSERTION OF RIGHTS

#### Article 54

##### Ascertainment of partial loss or damage

1 When partial loss of, or damage to, an article carried in the charge of the carrier (luggage, vehicles) is discovered or presumed by the carrier or alleged by the person entitled, the carrier must without delay, and if possible in the presence of the person entitled, draw up a report stating, according to the nature of the loss or damage, the condition of the article and, as far as possible, the extent of the loss or damage, its cause and the time of its occurrence.

2 A copy of the report must be supplied free of charge to the person entitled.

3 Should the person entitled not accept the findings in the report, he may request that the condition of the luggage or vehicle and the cause and amount of the loss or damage be ascertained by an expert appointed either by the parties to the contract of carriage or by a court or tribunal. The procedure to be followed shall be governed by the laws and prescriptions of the State in which such ascertainment takes place.

#### Article 55

##### Claims

1 Claims relating to the liability of the carrier in case of death of, or personal injury to, passengers must be addressed in writing to the carrier against whom an action may be brought. In the case of a carriage governed by a single contract and performed by successive carriers the claims may also be addressed to the first or the last carrier as well as to the carrier having his principal place of business or the branch or agency which concluded the contract of carriage in the State where the passenger is domiciled or habitually resident.

2 Other claims relating to the contract of carriage must be addressed in writing to the carrier specified in Article 56(2) and (3).

3 Documents which the person entitled thinks fit to submit with the claim shall be produced either in the original or as copies, where appropriate, the copies duly certified if the carrier so requires. On settlement of the claim, the carrier may require the surrender of the ticket, the luggage registration voucher and the carriage voucher.

#### Article 56

##### Carriers against whom an action may be brought

1 An action based on the liability of the carrier in case of death of, or personal injury to, passengers may only be brought against the carrier who is liable pursuant to Article 26(5).

2 Subject to paragraph 4 other actions brought by passengers based on the contract of carriage may be brought only against the first carrier, the last carrier or the carrier having performed the part of carriage on which the event giving rise to the proceedings occurred.



---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

3 When, in the case of carriage performed by successive carriers, the carrier who must deliver the luggage or the vehicle is entered with his consent on the luggage registration voucher or the carriage voucher, an action may be brought against him in accordance with paragraph 2 even if he has not received the luggage or the vehicle.

4 An action for the recovery of a sum paid pursuant to the contract of carriage may be brought against the carrier who has collected that sum or against the carrier on whose behalf it was collected.

5 An action may be brought against a carrier other than those specified in paragraphs 2 and 4 when instituted by way of counter-claim or by way of exception in proceedings relating to a principal claim based on the same contract of carriage.

6 To the extent that these Uniform Rules apply to the substitute carrier, an action may also be brought against him.

7 If the plaintiff has a choice between several carriers, his right to choose shall be extinguished as soon as he brings an action against one of them; this shall also apply if the plaintiff has a choice between one or more carriers and a substitute carrier.

#### *Article 58*

### **Extinction of right of action in case of death or personal injury**

1 Any right of action by the person entitled based on the liability of the carrier in case of death of, or personal injury to, passengers shall be extinguished if notice of the accident to the passenger is not given by the person entitled, within 12 months of his becoming aware of the loss or damage, to one of the carriers to whom a claim may be addressed in accordance with Article 55(1). Where the person entitled gives oral notice of the accident to the carrier, the carrier shall furnish him with an acknowledgement of such oral notice.

2 Nevertheless, the right of action shall not be extinguished if

#### *Article 59*

### **Extinction of right of action arising from carriage of luggage**

1 Acceptance of the luggage by the person entitled shall extinguish all rights of action against the carrier arising from the contract of carriage in case of partial loss, damage or delay in delivery.

2 Nevertheless, the right of action shall not be extinguished:

#### *Article 60*

### **Limitation of actions**

1 The period of limitation of actions for damages based on the liability of the carrier in case of death of, or personal injury to, passengers shall be:

2 The period of limitation for other actions arising from the contract of carriage shall be one year. Nevertheless, the period of limitation shall be two years in the case of an action for loss or damage resulting from an act or omission committed either with the intent to cause such loss or damage, or recklessly and with knowledge that such loss or damage would probably result.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

- 3 The period of limitation provided for in paragraph 2 shall run for actions:
- 4 [...]
- 5 [...]
- 6 Otherwise, the suspension and interruption of periods of limitation shall be governed by national law.

## TITLE VII

### RELATIONS BETWEEN CARRIERS

#### *Article 61*

#### **Apportionment of the carriage charge**

- 1 Any carrier who has collected or ought to have collected a carriage charge must pay to the carriers concerned their respective shares of such a charge. The methods of payment shall be fixed by agreement between the carriers.
- 2 Article 6(3), Article 16(3) and Article 25 shall also apply to the relations between successive carriers.

#### *Article 62*

#### **Right of recourse**

- 1 A carrier who has paid compensation pursuant to these Uniform Rules shall have a right of recourse against the carriers who have taken part in the carriage in accordance with the following provisions:
- 2 In the case of insolvency of any one of these carriers, the unpaid share due from him shall be apportioned among all the other carriers who have taken part in the carriage, in proportion to their respective shares of the carriage charge.

#### *Article 63*

#### **Procedure for recourse**

- 1 The validity of the payment made by the carrier exercising a right of recourse pursuant to Article 62 may not be disputed by the carrier against whom the right to recourse is exercised, when compensation has been determined by a court or tribunal and when the latter carrier, duly served with notice of the proceedings, has been afforded an opportunity to intervene in the proceedings. The court or tribunal seized of the principal action shall determine what time shall be allowed for such notification of the proceedings and for intervention in the proceedings.
- 2 A carrier exercising his right of recourse must present his claim in one and the same proceedings against all the carriers with whom he has not reached a settlement, failing which he shall lose his right of recourse in the case of those against whom he has not taken proceedings.
- 3 The court or tribunal shall give its decision in one and the same judgment on all recourse claims brought before it.

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

---

4 The carrier wishing to enforce his right of recourse may bring his action in the courts or tribunals of the State on the territory of which one of the carriers participating in the carriage has his principal place of business, or the branch or agency which concluded the contract of carriage.

5 When the action must be brought against several carriers, the plaintiff carrier shall be entitled to choose the court or tribunal in which he will bring the proceedings from among those having competence pursuant to paragraph 4.

6 Recourse proceedings may not be joined with proceedings for compensation taken by the person entitled under the contract of carriage.

#### Article 64

### Agreements concerning recourse

The carriers may conclude agreements which derogate from Articles 61 and 62.

## ANNEX II

### MINIMUM INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED BY RAILWAY UNDERTAKINGS AND/OR BY TICKET VENDORS

#### Part I: Pre-journey information

General conditions applicable to the contract

Time schedules and conditions for the fastest trip

Time schedules and conditions for the lowest fares

Accessibility, access conditions and availability on board of facilities for disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility

Accessibility and access conditions for bicycles

Availability of seats in smoking and non-smoking, first and second class as well as couchettes and sleeping carriages

Any activities likely to disrupt or delay services

Availability of on-board services

Procedures for reclaiming lost luggage

Procedures for the submission of complaints.

#### Part II: Information during the journey

On-board services

Next station

---

**Changes to legislation:** There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

---

Delays

Main connecting services

Security and safety issues.

### ANNEX III

#### MINIMUM SERVICE QUALITY STANDARDS

Information and tickets

Punctuality of services, and general principles to cope with disruptions to services

Cancellations of services

Cleanliness of rolling stock and station facilities (air quality in carriages, hygiene of sanitary facilities, etc.)

Customer satisfaction survey

Complaint handling, refunds and compensation for non-compliance with service quality standards

Assistance provided to disabled persons and persons with reduced mobility.

### Changes to legislation:

There are outstanding changes not yet made to Regulation (EC) No 1371/2007 of the European Parliament and of the Council. Any changes that have already been made to the legislation appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.

[View outstanding changes](#)

### Changes and effects yet to be applied to :

- Art. 2(1) substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 6\(a\)](#)
- Art. 2(2) omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 6\(b\)](#)
- Art. 2(3) words omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 6\(c\)\(i\)](#)
- Art. 2(3) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 6\(c\)\(ii\)](#)
- Art. 2(4) substituted for Art. 2(4)-(6) by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 6\(d\)](#)
- Art. 2(7) omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 6\(e\)](#)
- Art. 10(2)(3) omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 8\(a\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 8(a) substituted immediately before IP completion day by [S.I. 2020/318](#), regs, 1(2)(b), 3(3)(a))
- Art. 10(2) substituted by [S.I. 2019/1165](#), reg. 8(a) (as substituted) by [S.I. 2020/318 reg. 3\(3\)\(a\)](#)
- Art. 10(3) omitted by virtue of [S.I. 2019/1165](#), reg. 8(aa) (as inserted) by [S.I. 2020/318 reg. 3\(3\)\(b\)](#)
- Art. 10(4) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 8\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 8(b) substituted immediately before IP completion day by [S.I. 2020/318](#), regs, 1(2)(b), 3(3)(c))
- Art. 10(4) words substituted by [S.I. 2019/1165](#), reg. 8(b) (as substituted) by [S.I. 2020/318 reg. 3\(3\)\(c\)](#)
- Art. 10(5) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 8\(c\)](#)
- Art. 11 words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 9](#)
- Art. 12(1) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 10\(a\)](#)
- Art. 12(2) omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 10\(b\)](#)
- Art. 13(2) sum substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 11](#)
- Art. 17(1) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 12\(a\)](#)
- Art. 17(3) sum substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 12\(b\)](#)
- Art. 21(1) word substituted by [S.I. 2019/1165](#), reg. 13(a) (as substituted) by [S.I. 2020/318 reg. 3\(4\)](#)
- Art. 22(2) omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 14](#)
- Art. 28(2) words omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 15](#)
- Art. 29(1) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 16\(a\)](#)
- Art. 29(2) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 16\(b\)](#)
- Art. 30(1) substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 17\(a\)](#)
- Art. 31 omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 18](#)
- Art. 32 substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 19](#)
- Art. 33-37 omitted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 20](#)

### Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole legislation item and associated provisions

- Art. 3(1) word substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 7\(a\)](#)
- Art. 3(4) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 7\(b\)](#)
- Art. 3(5) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 7\(c\)](#)
- Art. 3(6) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 7\(d\)](#)
- Art. 3(11) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 7\(e\)](#)
- Art. 3(16) words substituted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 7\(f\)](#)
- Art. 3(18) inserted by [S.I. 2019/1165](#), reg. 7(g) (as inserted) by [S.I. 2020/318 reg. 3\(2\)\(b\)](#)

- Art. 21(3) inserted by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 13](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 13 substituted immediately before IP completion day by S.I. 2020/318, regs, 1(2)(b), 3(3)(d))
- Art. 21(3) inserted by S.I. 2019/1165, reg. 13(b) (as substituted) by [S.I. 2020/318 reg. 3\(4\)](#)
- Art. 30(2)(3) substituted for Art. 30(2) by [S.I. 2018/1165 reg. 17\(b\)](#)