II

(Non-legislative acts)

REGULATIONS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EU) No 1225/2010

of 13 December 2010

fixing for 2011 and 2012 the fishing opportunities for EU vessels for fish stocks of certain deep-sea fish species

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION.

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 43(3) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,

Whereas:

- (1) According to Article 43(3) of the Treaty, the Council, on a proposal from the Commission, is to adopt measures on the fixing and allocation of fishing opportunities.
- (2) Council Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002 of 20 December 2002 on the conservation and sustainable exploitation of fisheries resources under the Common Fisheries Policy (¹) requires that measures governing access to waters and resources and the sustainable pursuit of fishing activities be established taking into account available scientific, technical and economic advice and in particular reports drawn up by the Scientific, Technical and Economic Committee for Fisheries (STECF).
- (3) It is incumbent upon the Council to adopt measures on the fixing and allocation of fishing opportunities by fishery or group of fisheries, including certain conditions functionally linked thereto, where appropriate. Fishing opportunities should be distributed among Member States in such a way as to assure each Member State relative stability of fishing activities for each stock or fishery and having due regard to the objectives of the Common Fisheries Policy established by Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002.
- (4) The total allowable catches (TACs) should be established on the basis of the available scientific advice, by taking into account the biological and socioeconomic aspects whilst ensuring fair treatment between fishing sectors,

as well as in the light of the opinions expressed during the consultation of stakeholders, in particular those of the Advisory Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture and of the Regional Advisory Councils concerned.

- (5) Fishing opportunities should be in accordance with international agreements and principles, such as the 1995 United Nations agreement concerning the conservation and management of straddling stocks and highly migratory fish stocks (²), and the detailed management principles laid down in the 2008 International Guidelines for the Management of Deep-sea Fisheries in the High Seas of the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations, according to which, in particular, a regulator should be more cautious when information is uncertain, unreliable or inadequate. The absence of adequate scientific information should not be used as a reason for postponing or failing to take conservation and management measures.
- (6) The latest scientific advice from the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES) (3) and from the STECF (4) indicates that most deep-sea stocks are harvested unsustainably and that fishing opportunities for those stocks, in order to assure their sustainability, should be reduced until the evolution of the stock sizes show a positive trend. The ICES has further advised that no directed fishery should be allowed for orange roughy.
- (7) Concerning deep sea sharks, the main commercial species are considered depleted, and therefore no directed fishing should take place. Until the amount of unavoidable by-catch will have been established by means of selectivity projects and other technical measures, no by-catch should be allowed to be landed.

⁽²⁾ Agreement on the implementation of the provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks (OJ L 189, 3.7.1998, p. 16).

⁽³⁾ Report of the ICES Advisory Committee on widely distributed and migratory stocks, book 9, June 2010.

⁽⁴⁾ JRC Scientific and Technical Reports, Review of scientific advice for 2011, part 2, July 2010.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 358, 31.12.2002, p. 59.

- The fishing opportunities for deep-sea species, as listed in Annex I to Council Regulation (EC) No 2347/2002 of 16 December 2002 establishing specific access requirements and associated conditions applicable to fishing for deep-sea stocks (1), are decided on a biannual basis. Nevertheless, an exception is made for the stocks of greater silver smelt and the main fishery of blue ling, for which the fishing opportunities depend on the outcome of the annual negotiations with Norway. The fishing opportunities for those stocks are therefore established in another relevant annual regulation fixing fishing opportunities.
- In accordance with Council Regulation (EC) No 847/96 (9)of 6 May 1996 introducing additional conditions for year-to-year management of TACs and quotas (2), the stocks that are subject to the various measures referred to therein must be identified.
- To ensure the livelihood of Union fishermen, it is (10)important to open these fisheries on 1 January 2011,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Subject-matter

This Regulation fixes for the years 2011 and 2012 the annual fishing opportunities available to EU vessels for fish stocks of certain deep-sea species in EU waters and in certain non-EU waters where catch limits are required.

Article 2

Definitions

- For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:
- (a) 'EU vessel' means a fishing vessel flying the flag of a Member State and registered in the Union;
- (b) 'EU waters' means the waters under the sovereignty or jurisdiction of the Member States with the exception of waters adjacent to the territories mentioned in Annex II to the Treaty;
- (c) 'total allowable catch' (TAC) means the quantity that can be taken and landed from each stock each year;
- (d) 'quota' means a proportion of the TAC allocated to the Union, a Member State or a third country;
- (1) OJ L 351, 28.12.2002, p. 6.
- (2) OJ L 115, 9.5.1996, p. 3.

- (e) 'international waters' means waters falling outside the sovereignty or jurisdiction of any State.
- For the purposes of this Regulation, the following zone definitions shall apply:
- (a) ICES zones are as defined in Regulation (EC) No 218/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in the north-east Atlantic (recast) (3);
- (b) CECAF (Eastern Central Atlantic or FAO major fishing zone 34) zones are as defined in Regulation (EC) No 216/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 March 2009 on the submission of nominal catch statistics by Member States fishing in certain areas other than those of the North Atlantic (recast) (4).

Article 3

TACs and allocations

The TACs for deep-sea species caught by EU vessels in EU waters and certain non-EU waters, the allocation of such TACs among Member States and the conditions functionally linked thereto, where appropriate, are set out in the Annex.

Article 4

Special provisions on allocations

The allocation of fishing opportunities among Member States provided for in the Annex shall be without prejudice to:

- (a) exchanges made pursuant to Article 20(5) of Regulation (EC) No 2371/2002;
- (b) deductions and reallocations made pursuant to Article 37 of Council Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009 of 20 November 2009 establishing a Community control system for ensuring compliance with the rules of the common fisheries policy (5) or pursuant to Article 10(4) of Council Regulation (EC) No 1006/2008 of 29 September 2008 concerning authorisations for fishing activities of Community fishing vessels outside Community waters and the access of third country vessels to Community waters (6);
- (c) additional landings allowed pursuant to Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96;
- (d) quantities withheld pursuant to Article 4 of Regulation (EC) No 847/96;
- (e) deductions made pursuant to Articles 105 and 107 of Regulation (EC) No 1224/2009.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 70.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 87, 31.3.2009, p. 1.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 343, 22.12.2009, p. 1. (6) OJ L 286, 29.10.2008, p. 33.

Article 5

Relationship with Regulation (EC) No 847/96

For the purposes of Regulation (EC) No 847/96, all quotas in the Annex to this Regulation shall be considered analytical quotas.

Article 6

Conditions for landing catch and by-catch

Fish from stocks for which fishing opportunities are fixed by this Regulation shall be retained on board or landed only if they were taken by vessels of a Member State having a quota which is not exhausted.

Article 7

Entry into force

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 1 January 2011.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 December 2010.

For the Council The President K. PEETERS

ANNEX

The references to fishing zones are references to ICES zones, unless otherwise specified.

PART 1

Definition of species and species groups

1. In the list set out in Part 2 of this Annex, fish stocks are referred to following the alphabetical order of the Latin names of the species. However, deep-sea sharks are placed at the beginning of that list. A table of correspondences of common names and Latin names is given below for the purposes of this Regulation:

Common name Scientific name

Black scabbardfish Aphanopus carbo

Alfonsinos Beryx spp.

Roundnose grenadier Coryphaenoides rupestris

Orange roughy Hoplostethus atlanticus

Blue ling Molva dypterygia

Red seabream Pagellus bogaraveo

Forkbeards Phycis spp.

2. For the purposes of this Regulation, 'deep-sea sharks' means the following list of species:

Common name Scientific name

Deep-water catsharks Apristurus spp.

Frilled shark Chlamydoselachus anguineus

Gulper shark Centrophorus granulosus

Leafscale gulper shark Centrophorus squamosus

Portuguese dogfish Centroscymnus coelolepis

Longnose velvet dogfish Centroscymnus crepidater

Black dogfish Centroscyllium fabricii

Birdbeak dogfish Deania calcea

Kitefin shark Dalatias licha

Greater lanternshark Etmopterus princeps

Velvet belly Etmopterus spinax

Blackmouth catshark (Blackmouth dogfish)

Galeus melastomus

Mouse catshark Galeus murinus

Six-gilled shark Hexanchus griseus

Sailfin roughshark (Sharpback shark) Oxynotus paradoxus

Knifetooth dogfish Scymnodon ringens

Greenland shark Somniosus microcephalus

PART 2

Annual fishing opportunities applicable for EU vessels in areas where TACs exist by species and by area (in tonnes live weight)

Species: Deep-sea sha	arks			Zone:	EU and international waters of V, VI, VII, VIII and IX (DWS/56789-) $$
Year		2011 (1)	2012		
Germany		0	0		
Estonia		0	0		
Ireland		0	0		
Spain		0	0		
France		0	0		
Lithuania		0	0		
Poland		0	0		
Portugal		0	0		
United Kingdom		0	0		
EU		0	0		
TAC		0	0		
(¹) By-catches of up to 3 For reference: quotas 2	% of 2009 quota 2009	s are permitted:			
Germany	20				
Estonia	1				
Ireland	55				
Spain	93				
France	339				
Lithuania	1				
Poland	1				
Portugal	127				
United Kingdom	187				

Species:	Deep-sea sharks			Zone:	EU and international waters of X (DWS/10-)
Year		2011 (1)	2012		
Portugal		0	0		
EU		0	0		
TAC		0	0		

⁽¹) By-catches of up to 3 % of 2009 quotas are permitted: For reference: quota 2009 Portugal 10

Species: I	Deep-sea sharks and Deania hystricosa and Deani	a profundorum	Zone:	International waters of XII (DWS/1
Year	2011 (¹)	2012		
Ireland	0	0		
Spain	0	0		
France	0	0		
United King	dom 0	0		
EU	0	0		
TAC	0	0		

 $^(^1\!)$ By-catches of up to 3 % of 2009 quotas are permitted: For reference: quotas 2009

Ireland 17 Spain France 6 United Kingdom 1

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Species: Black scabbardfish Aphanopus carbo			Zone:	EU and international waters of I, II, III and IV (BSF/1234-)
Year	2011	2012		
Germany	4	3		
France	4	3		
United Kingdom	4	3		
EU	12	9		
TAC	12	9		

Species:	Black scabbardfish Aphanopus carbo			Zone:	EU and international waters of V, VI, VII and XII (BSF/56712-)
Year		2011	2012		
Germany		27	25		
Estonia		13	12		
Ireland		67	62		
Spain		134	124		
France		1 884	1 743		
Latvia		88	81		
Lithuania		1	1		
Poland		1	1		
United Kir	ngdom	134	124		
Others (1)		7	6		
EU		2 356	2 179		
TAC		2 356	2 179		

⁽¹⁾ By-catches only. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.

Species:	Black scabbardfish Aphanopus carbo			Zone:	EU and international waters of VIII, IX and X (BSF/8910-)
Year		2011	2012		
Spain		11	11		
France		26	26		
Portugal		3 311	3 311		
EU		3 348	3 348		
TAC		3 348	3 348		

Species:	Black scabbardfish Aphanopus carbo			Zone:	EU and international waters of CECAF 34.1.2. (BSF/C3412-)
Year		2011	2012		
Portugal		4 071	3 867		
EU		4 071	3 867		
TAC		4 071	3 867		

Species:	Alfonsinos Beryx spp.			Zone:	EU and international waters of III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XII and XIV (ALF/3X14-)
Year		2011	2012		
Ireland		10	10		
Spain		74	74		
France		20	20		
Portugal		214	214		
United Kin	ngdom	10	10		
EU		328	328		
TAC		328	328		

Species: Roundnose grenadier Coryphaenoides rupestris			Zone:	EU and international waters of I, II and IV (RNG/124-)
Year	2011	2012		
Denmark	2	1		
Germany	2	1		
France	9	10		
United Kingdom	2	1		
EU	15	13		
TAC	15	13		

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Species:	Roundnose grenadier Coryphaenoides rupestris			Zone:	EU and international (RNG/03-) (¹)	waters	of	III
Year		2011	2012					
Denmark		804	804					
Germany		5	5					
Sweden		41	41					
EU		850	850					
TAC		850	850					

⁽¹) No directed fishery for roundnose grenadier shall be conducted in ICES zone IIIa pending consultations between the European Union and Norway.

Species:	Roundnose grenadier Coryphaenoides rupestris			Zone:	EU and international waters of Vb, VI, VII (RNG/5B67)
Year		2011 (1)	2012 (1)		
Germany		5	5		
Estonia		43	38		
Ireland		190	165		
Spain		48	41		
France		2 409	2 096		
Lithuania		55	48		
Poland		28	25		
United Kin	gdom	141	123		
Others (2)		5	5		
EU		2 924	2 546		
TAC		2 924	2 546		

 $^(^1)$ A maximum of 8 % of each quota may be fished in EU and international waters VIII, IX, X, XII and XIV $(^2)$ By-catches only. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.

Species: Roundnose grenadier <i>Coryphaenoides rupestris</i>			Zone:	EU and international waters of VIII, IX, X, XII and XIV (RNG/8X14-)
Year	2011 (1)	2012 (1)		
Germany	30	26		
Ireland	6	6		
Spain	3 286	2 857		
France	151	132		
Latvia	53	46		
Lithuania	6	6		
Poland	1 028	894		
United Kingdom	13	12		
EU	4 573	3 979		
TAC	4 573	3 979		

⁽¹⁾ A maximum of 8 % of each quota may be fished in EU and international waters of Vb, VI, VII

Species:	Orange roughy Hoplostethus atlanticus			Zone:	EU and international waters of VI (ORY/06-)
Year		2011	2012		
Ireland		0	0		
Spain		0	0		
France		0	0		
United Kin	ngdom	0	0		
EU		0	0		
TAC		0	0		
Species:	Orange roughy Hoplostethus atlanticus			Zone:	EU and international waters of VII (ORY/07-)
Year		2011	2012		
Ireland		0	0		
Spain		0	0		
France		0	0		
United Kin	ngdom	0	0		
Others		0	0		
EU		0	0		
TAC		0	0		
Species:	Orange roughy Hoplostethus atlanticus			Zone:	EU and international waters of I, II, III, IV, V, VIII, IX, X, XII and XIV (ORY/1CX14C)
Year		2011	2012		
Ireland		0	0		
Spain		0	0		
France		0	0		
Portugal		0	0		
United Kii	ngdom	0	0		
EU		0	0		
TAC		0	0		
Species:	Blue ling Molva dypterygia			Zone:	EU and international waters of II and IV (BLI/24-)
Year		2011	2012		
Denmark		4	4		
Germany		4	4		
Ireland		4	4		

25

France

25

Species:	Blue ling Molva dypterygia			Zone:	EU and international waters of II and IV (BLI/24-)
United Kin	gdom	15	15		
Others (1)		4	4		
EU		56	56		
TAC		56	56		

(1) By-catches only. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.

Species: Blue ling Molva dypterygia			Zone: EU and international waters of III (BLI/03-)
Year	2011	2012	
Denmark	4	3	
Germany	2	2	
Sweden	4	3	
EU	10	8	
TAC	10	8	

	Red seabream Pagellus bogaraveo			Zone:	EU and international waters of VI, VII and VIII (SBR/678-)
Year		2011 (1)	2012 (1)		
Ireland		6	6		
Spain		172	172		
France		9	9		
United King	gdom	22	22		
Others (2)		6	6		
EU		215	215		
TAC		215	215		

 ⁽¹) A minimum landing size of 35 cm (total length) shall be respected. However, 15 % of fish landed may have a minimum landing size of at least 30 cm (total length).
 (²) By-catches only. No directed fisheries are permitted under this quota.

Species:	Red seabream Pagellus bogaraveo			Zone:	EU and international waters of IX (SBR/09-)
Year		2011 (1) (2)	2012 (1) (2)		
Spain		614	614		
Portugal		166	166		
EU		780	780		
TAC		780	780		

⁽¹⁾ A minimum landing size of 35 cm (total length) shall be respected. However, 15 % of fish landed may have a minimum landing size of

at least 30 cm (total length).

(2) A maximum of 8 % of each quota may be fished in EU and international waters of VI, VII and VIII

Species: Red seabream Pagellus bogaraveo			Zone:	EU and international waters of X (SBR/10-)
Year	2011	2012		
Spain	10	10		
Portugal	1 116	1 116		
United Kingdom	10	10		
EU	1 136	1 136		
TAC	1 136	1 136		

Species: Forkbeards Phycis spp.			Zone:	EU and international waters of I, II, III and IV (GFB/1234-)
Year	2011	2012		
Germany	9	9		
France	9	9		
United Kingdom	13	13		
EU	31	31		
TAC	31	31		

Species: Forkbeards Phycis spp.			Zone:	EU and international waters of V, VI and VII (GFB/567-)
Year	2011 (1)	2012 (1)		
Germany	10	10		
Ireland	260	260		
Spain	588	588		
France	356	356		
United Kingdom	814	814		
EU	2 028	2 028		
TAC	2 028	2 028		

 $(^1)$ A maximum of 8 % of each quota may be fished in EU and international waters of VIII and IX.

Species:	Forkbeards Phycis spp.			Zone:	EU and international waters of VIII and IX (GFB/89-)
Year		2011 (1)	2012 (1)		
Spain		242	242		
France		15	15		
Portugal		10	10		
EU		267	267		
TAC		267	267		

⁽¹⁾ A maximum of 8 % of each quota may be fished in EU and international waters of V, VI, VII.

Species: Forkbeards Phycis spp.			Cone: EU and international waters o (GFB/1012-)	f X and XII
Year	2011	2012		
France	9	9		
Portugal	36	36		
United Kingdom	9	9		
EU	54	54		
TAC	54	54		