



Energy Act 2023

2023 CHAPTER 52

PART 9

ENERGY SMART APPLIANCES AND LOAD CONTROL

CHAPTER 2

ENERGY SMART APPLIANCES

242 Sanctions, offences and recovery of costs

- (1) Energy smart regulations may provide for sanctions to be imposed on persons in relation to—
 - (a) non-compliance with a prohibition or requirement imposed by or under such regulations;
 - (b) providing false or misleading information in relation to any such prohibition or requirement.
- (2) The regulations may, in particular, provide for the imposition of civil penalties, including graduated or multiple penalties in connection with a continuous or serious act or omission.
- (3) Energy smart regulations may create offences relating to—
 - (a) contraventions (by act or omission) of requirements imposed by enforcement authorities;
 - (b) knowingly giving false or misleading information to enforcement authorities;
 - (c) the obstruction (by act or omission) of persons acting on behalf of enforcement authorities;
 - (d) the impersonation of persons acting on behalf of enforcement authorities.
- (4) Regulations which create an offence must provide for the offence to be triable only summarily.

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Energy Act 2023, Section 242. (See end of Document for details)

- (5) Regulations may not provide for an offence to be punishable with imprisonment.
- (6) Regulations may provide for enforcement authorities to recover costs.

Commencement Information

- I1** S. 242 not in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 334\(1\)](#)
- I2** [S. 242](#) in force at 11.1.2024 by [S.I. 2024/32](#), [reg. 2\(b\)\(ii\)](#)

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There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Energy Act 2023, Section 242.