
Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the
Levelling-up and Regeneration Act 2023, Schedule 2. (See end of Document for details)

SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 2

Section 27

MAYORS FOR COMBINED COUNTY AUTHORITY AREAS: FURTHER PROVISIONS ABOUT ELECTIONS

Interpretation

- 1 In this Schedule references to a mayor are references to a mayor for the area of a CCA.

Commencement Information

- I1** Sch. 2 para. 1 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

Timing of elections

- 2 (1) The term of office of a mayor is to be four years.
- (2) The first election for the return of a mayor is to take place on the first day of ordinary elections of councillors of a constituent council to take place after the end of the period of 6 months beginning with the day on which the regulations under section [27\(1\)](#) come into force.
- (3) Subsequent elections for the return of a mayor are to take place in every fourth year thereafter on the same day as the ordinary election of councillors of that constituent council.
- (4) But this paragraph has effect subject to any provision made under paragraph [3](#).

Commencement Information

- I2** Sch. 2 para. 2 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

- 3 The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision—
- (a) as to the dates on which and years in which elections for the return of a mayor may or must take place,
- (b) as to the intervals between elections for the return of a mayor,
- (c) as to the term of office of a mayor, and
- (d) as to the filling of vacancies in the office of a mayor.

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- I3** Sch. 2 para. 3 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

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- I2** Sch. 2 para. 2 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)
I3 Sch. 2 para. 3 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

Voting at elections of mayors

- 4 (1) Each person entitled to vote as an elector at an election for the return of a mayor is to have one vote which may be given for a candidate to be the mayor.
- (2) The mayor is to be returned under the simple majority system.

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- I4** Sch. 2 para. 4 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

Entitlement to vote

- 5 (1) The persons entitled to vote as electors at an election for the return of a mayor for the area of a CCA are those who on the day of the poll—
- (a) would be entitled to vote as electors at an election of councillors for an electoral area situated wholly or partly within the area of the CCA, and
 - (b) are registered in the register of local government electors at an address within the CCA's area.
- (2) A person is not entitled as an elector to cast more than one vote at an election for the return of a mayor.
- (3) In this paragraph—
- “electoral area” has the meaning given by section 203(1) of the Representation of the People Act 1983;
- “local government elector” has the meaning given by section 270(1) of the Local Government Act 1972.

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- I5** Sch. 2 para. 5 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

Election as mayor and councillor

- 6 (1) If the person who is returned at an election as the mayor for the area of a CCA is also returned at an election held at the same time as a councillor of a constituent council, a vacancy arises in the office of councillor.
- (2) If the person who is returned at an election (“the mayoral election”) as the mayor for the area of a CCA —
- (a) is a councillor of a constituent council, and
 - (b) was returned as such a councillor at an election held at an earlier time than the mayoral election,
- a vacancy arises in the office of councillor.

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- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), a person who is elected as the mayor for the area of a CCA may not be a candidate in an election for the return of a councillor or councillors of a constituent council.
- (4) A person who is the mayor for the area of a CCA may be a candidate in an election for the return of a councillor or councillors of a constituent council if the election is held at the same time as an election for the return of the mayor, but sub-paragraph (1) applies if the person is a candidate in both such elections and is returned as the mayor and as a councillor.

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I6 Sch. 2 para. 6 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

Qualification and disqualification

- 7 (1) In order to be qualified to be elected and to hold office as the mayor for the area of a CCA, a person must, on the relevant day, be—
- (a) at least 18 years old, and
 - (b) a qualifying citizen.
- (2) The person must also—
- (a) on and after the relevant day, be entitled (under paragraph 5) to vote in the election for the return of the mayor for that area, or
 - (b) for the twelve months before the relevant day—
 - (i) have occupied, as owner or tenant, land or other premises within an electoral area situated wholly or partly within the area of the CCA,
 - (ii) had their principal or only place of work in that electoral area, or
 - (iii) resided in that electoral area.
- (3) In this paragraph—
- “electoral area” has the meaning given by section 203(1) of the Representation of the People Act 1983;
 - “qualifying citizen” means a person who is—
 - (a) a qualifying Commonwealth citizen (within the meaning given by section 79 of the Local Government Act 1972),
 - (b) a citizen of the Republic of Ireland,
 - (c) a qualifying EU citizen (within the meaning given by section 203A of the Representation of the People Act 1983), or
 - (d) an EU citizen with retained rights (within the meaning given by section 203B of that Act);
 - “relevant day” means—
 - (a) if the election is preceded by the nomination of candidates, the day on which the person is nominated, and
 - (b) if the election is not preceded by the nomination of candidates, the day of the election.
- (4) Until the coming into force of paragraph 5 of Schedule 8 to the Elections Act 2022 (amendment of paragraph 8(3) of Schedule 5B to the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 relating to candidacy rights of EU citizens),

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sub-paragraph (3) has effect as if for the definition of “qualifying citizen” there were substituted—

““qualifying citizen” means a person who is a qualifying Commonwealth citizen or a citizen of the Republic of Ireland or a relevant citizen of the Union, within the meaning given in section 79 of the Local Government Act 1972;”.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Sch. 2 para. 7(3) modified (temp.) (7.2.2024) by [The Combined Authorities \(Mayoral Elections\) Order 2017 \(Amendment\) Regulations 2024 \(S.I. 2024/131\)](#), regs. 1(3), **23**, **24**

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I7 Sch. 2 para. 7 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

- 8 (1) A person is disqualified for being elected or holding office as the mayor for the area of a CCA if the person—
- (a) holds any paid office or employment (other than the office of mayor or deputy mayor) appointments or elections to which are or may be made by or on behalf of the CCA or any of the constituent councils;
 - (b) is the subject of—
 - (i) a debt relief restrictions order or an interim debt relief restrictions order under Schedule 4ZB to the Insolvency Act 1986, or
 - (ii) a bankruptcy restrictions order or an interim bankruptcy restrictions order under Schedule 4A to the Insolvency Act 1986;
 - (c) has in the five years before being elected, or at any time since being elected, been convicted in the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man of an offence and been sentenced to a period of imprisonment of three months or more without the option of a fine;
 - (d) is disqualified for being elected or for being a member of a constituent council under Part 3 of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (consequences of corrupt or illegal practices);
 - (e) is incapable of being elected to or holding—
 - (i) the office of member of the Northern Ireland Assembly having been reported personally guilty or convicted of a corrupt practice under section 114A of the Representation of the People Act 1983 (as applied by Schedule 1 to the Northern Ireland Assembly (Elections) Regulations 2001 ([SI 2001/2599](#))) (undue influence);
 - (ii) the office of member of a district council in Northern Ireland having been reported personally guilty or convicted of a corrupt practice under paragraph 3 of Schedule 9 to the Electoral Law Act (Northern Ireland) 1962 (undue influence).
- (2) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (1)(c), a person is to be treated as having been convicted on—
- (a) the expiry of the ordinary period allowed for making an appeal or application with respect to the conviction, or
 - (b) if an appeal or application is made, the date on which it is finally disposed of or abandoned or fails because it is not prosecuted.

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- (3) Until the coming into force of paragraph 6 of Schedule 5 to the Elections Act 2022 (amendment of paragraph 9(1) of Schedule 5B to the Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 relating to undue influence), sub-paragraph (1) has effect as if paragraph (e) were omitted.

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18 Sch. 2 para. 8 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

- 9 (1) A person is disqualified for being elected or holding office as the mayor for the area of a CCA if the person is subject to—
- (a) any relevant notification requirements, or
 - (b) a relevant order.
- (2) In this paragraph “relevant notification requirements” mean—
- (a) the notification requirements of Part 2 of the Sexual Offences Act 2003;
 - (b) the notification requirements of Part 2 of the Sex Offenders (Jersey) Law 2010;
 - (c) the notification requirements of Part 2 of the Criminal Justice (Sex Offenders and Miscellaneous Provisions) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law 2013;
 - (d) the notification requirements of Schedule 1 to the Criminal Justice Act 2001 (an Act of Tynwald: c 4).
- (3) In this paragraph “relevant order” means—
- (a) a sexual harm prevention order under section 345 of the Sentencing Code;
 - (b) a sexual harm prevention order under section 103A of the Sexual Offences Act 2003;
 - (c) a sexual offences prevention order under section 104 of that Act;
 - (d) a sexual risk order under section 122A of that Act;
 - (e) a risk of sexual harm order under section 123 of that Act;
 - (f) a risk of sexual harm order under section 2 of the Protection of Children and Prevention of Sexual Offences (Scotland) Act 2005;
 - (g) a sexual risk order under section 27 of the Abusive Behaviour and Sexual Harm (Scotland) Act 2016;
 - (h) a restraining order under Article 10 of the Sex Offenders (Jersey) Law 2010;
 - (i) a child protection order under Article 11 of that Law;
 - (j) a sexual offences prevention order under section 18 of that Law;
 - (k) a risk of sexual harm order under section 22 of that Law;
 - (l) a sexual offences prevention order under section 1 of the Sex Offenders Act 2006 (an Act of Tynwald: c 20);
 - (m) a risk of sexual harm order under section 5 of that Act.
- (4) For the purposes of [sub-paragraph \(1\)\(a\)](#), a person who is subject to any relevant notification requirements is not to be regarded as disqualified until—
- (a) the expiry of the ordinary period allowed for making an appeal or application against the conviction, finding, caution, order or certification in respect of which the person is subject to the relevant notification requirements, or
 - (b) if such an appeal or application is made, the date on which it is finally disposed of or abandoned or fails because it is not prosecuted.

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- (5) For the purposes of [sub-paragraph \(1\)\(b\)](#), a person who is subject to a relevant order is not to be regarded as disqualified until—
- (a) the expiry of the ordinary period allowed for making an appeal against the relevant order, or
 - (b) if such an appeal is made, the date on which it is finally disposed of or abandoned or fails because it is not prosecuted.
- (6) This paragraph does not have the effect of disqualifying a person for being elected or holding office as the mayor for the area of a CCA by reason of the person becoming subject to—
- (a) any relevant notification requirements, or
 - (b) a relevant order,
- before the day on which this paragraph comes into force.

Commencement Information

I9 Sch. 2 para. 9 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

- 10 Paragraph [10](#) of Schedule [3](#) contains further provision about disqualification in the case of mayors who exercise PCC functions.

Commencement Information

I10 Sch. 2 para. 10 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

- 11 The acts of a person elected as a mayor for the area of a CCA who acts in that office are, despite any disqualification or lack of qualification—
- (a) in respect of being, or being elected as, a mayor, or
 - (b) in respect of being, or being elected as, the mayor for that area,
- as valid and effectual as if the person had not been so disqualified or as if the person had been qualified.

Commencement Information

I11 Sch. 2 para. 11 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Sch. 2 para. 7(3) modified (temp.) (7.2.2024) by [The Combined Authorities \(Mayoral Elections\) Order 2017 \(Amendment\) Regulations 2024 \(S.I. 2024/131\)](#), regs. 1(3), [23](#), [24](#)

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I7 Sch. 2 para. 7 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)
I8 Sch. 2 para. 8 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)
I9 Sch. 2 para. 9 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)
I10 Sch. 2 para. 10 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)
I11 Sch. 2 para. 11 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

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Power to make further provision

- 12 (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision as to—
- (a) the conduct of elections for the return of mayors, and
 - (b) the questioning of elections for the return of mayors and the consequences of irregularities.
- (2) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1)(a) may, in particular, include provision—
- (a) about the registration of electors,
 - (b) for disregarding alterations in a register of electors,
 - (c) about the limitation of election expenses (and the creation of criminal offences in connection with the limitation of such expenses), and
 - (d) for the combination of polls at elections for the return of mayors and other elections.
- (3) Regulations under sub-paragraph (1) may—
- (a) apply or incorporate (with or without modifications) any provision of, or made under, the Representation of the People Acts or any provision of any other enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to parliamentary elections or local government elections,
 - (b) modify any form contained in, or in regulations or rules made under, the Representation of the People Acts so far as may be necessary to enable it to be used both for the original purpose and in relation to elections for the return of mayors, and
 - (c) so far as may be necessary in consequence of any provision made by or under this Part or any regulations under sub-paragraph (1), amend any provision of any enactment (whenever passed or made) relating to the registration of parliamentary electors or local government electors.
- (4) Before making regulations under sub-paragraph (1), the Secretary of State must consult the Electoral Commission.
- (5) In addition, the power of the Secretary of State to make regulations under sub-paragraph (1) so far as relating to matters mentioned in sub-paragraph (2)(c) is exercisable only on, and in accordance with, a recommendation of the Electoral Commission, except where the Secretary of State considers that it is expedient to exercise that power in consequence of changes in the value of money.
- (6) The requirements in sub-paragraphs (4) and (5) may be satisfied by things done before the coming into force of this paragraph.
- (7) No return of a mayor at an election is to be questioned except by an election petition under the provisions of Part 3 of the Representation of the People Act 1983 as applied by or incorporated in regulations under sub-paragraph (1).

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I12 Sch. 2 para. 12 in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 255\(2\)\(a\)](#)

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